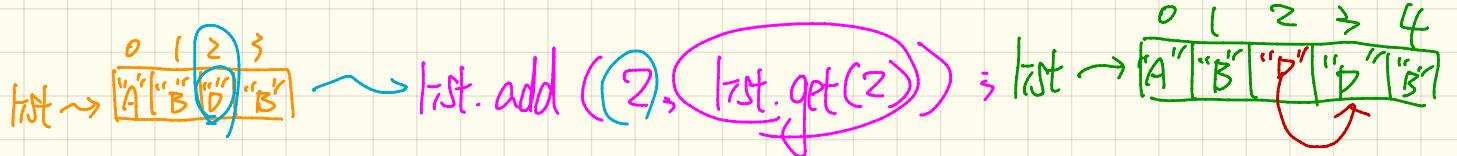


Monday April 7
Lecture 23

Lab 7 (not to be graded
no submission)
W

M, T, W no attendance of
lab sessions



int	size()	Returns the <u>number of elements in this list.</u>	API: <u>ArrayList</u>
boolean	add(E e)	Appends the specified element to the end of this list.	
void	add(int index, E element)	inserts the specified element at the specified position in this list.	
boolean	contains(Object o)	Returns true if this list contains the specified element.	
E	remove(int index)	Removes the element at the specified position in this list.	
boolean	remove(Object o)	Removes the first occurrence of the specified element from this list, if it is present.	
int	indexOf(Object o)	Returns the index of the first occurrence of the specified element in this list, or -1 if this list does not contain the element.	<p>when duplicates exist</p> <p>indexof("B")</p>
E	get(int index)	Returns the element at the specified position in this list.	

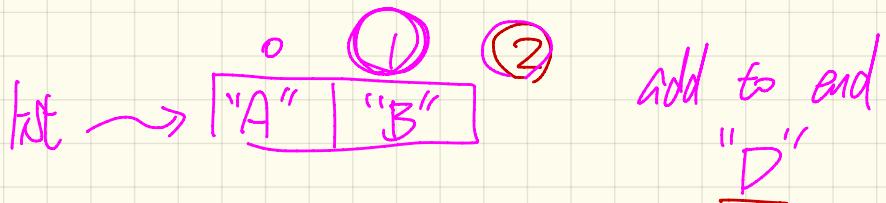
Use of ArrayList

```
arrayList<String> list = new ArrayList<String>();
println(list.size());
println(list.contains("A"));
println(list.indexOf("A"));
list.add("A");
list.add("B");
println(list.contains("A")); println(list.contains("B")); println(list.contains("C"));
println(list.indexOf("A")); println(list.indexOf("B")); println(list.indexOf("C"));
list.add(1, "C");
println(list.contains("A")); println(list.contains("B")); println(list.contains("C"));
println(list.indexOf("A")); println(list.indexOf("B")); println(list.indexOf("C"));
list.remove("C");
println(list.contains("A")); println(list.contains("B")); println(list.contains("C"));
println(list.indexOf("A")); println(list.indexOf("B")); println(list.indexOf("C"));

for(int i = 0; i < list.size(); i++) {
    println(list.get(i));
}
```

The diagram illustrates the state of the ArrayList 'list' after each operation. It shows a grid of boxes representing memory slots. The first row contains boxes labeled 0, 1, and 2. The second row contains boxes labeled 'A', 'B', and 'C'. The third row contains boxes labeled 'A', 'C', and 'B'. The fourth row contains boxes labeled 'A', 'D', and 'B'. The fifth row contains boxes labeled 'A', 'B', and 'B'. The sixth row contains boxes labeled 'A', 'B', and 'B'.

ArrayList<String> list = new ArrayList<>();



(Approach 1)

list.add("D") with add (int index, element)

insert to the beginning: list.add(0, _)

list.add(i, _)
 ↓
 list.size()
 exception.
 i \rightarrow list.size()

insert to the middle: list.add(i, _)

I, 2, ..., list.size() - 1

insert to the end: list.add(list.size(), _)

API: HashTable

int

size()

Returns the number of keys in this hashtable.

boolean

containsKey(Object key)

Tests if the specified object is a key in this hashtable.

boolean

containsValue(Object value)

Returns true if this hashtable maps one or more keys to this value.

V

get(Object key)

Returns the value to which the specified key is mapped, or null if this map contains no mapping for the key.

V

put(K key, V value)

Maps the specified key to the specified value in this hashtable.

V

remove(Object key)

Removes the key (and its corresponding value) from this hashtable.

Hashtable

a collection
of entries
{key} of {value}

